Industrial Sector Coupling in Finnish Renewable Energy Markets

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Agenda

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- 4 Increasing wind power
- 5 Conclusions



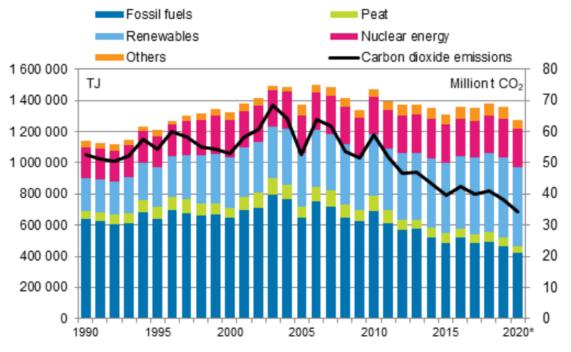
Source: Kotka Energy



1 Introduction



Total energy consumption and carbon dioxide emissions 1990-2020 in Finland

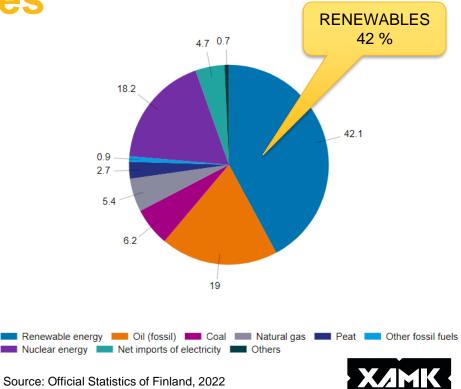


Source: Official Statistics of Finland, 2021



Total Finnish energy consumption in 2021 by sources

- Renewables 42 %
 - Wood + black liquor (30 %)
 - Hydro (4 %)
 - Wind (2 %)
 - Others including solar (6 %)
- Fossil oil 19 %
- Nuclear reactions 18 %
- Others including imported electr. 21 %



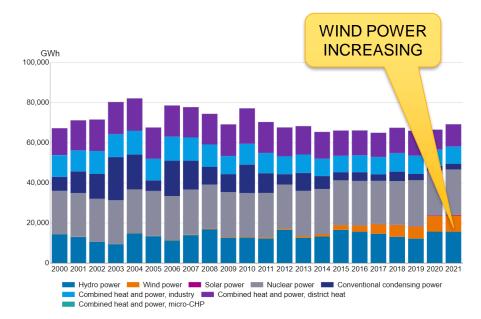
Challenges in Finnish energy policies

- Plenty of electricity imports (~20 % of electricity)
 - High electricity wholesale prices in the Nordic electricity market already in 2021 III
 - Waiting for the start-up of the NPP OL3 2
- Most renewables wood-based (~80 % of renewables)
 - Combustion processes > emissions
 - Forests needed also as carbon gaps $\bigotimes \bigtriangleup$
 - Wood needed also for industries $\bigotimes \bigtriangleup$



Electricity production in Finland 1990-2021

- By production mode in 2021
 - Net imports 20.5 %
 - CHP + cond. power 25.7 %
 - Nuclear power 26.1 %
 - Solar power 0.4 %
 - Wind power 9.4 %
 - Hydro power 17.9 %



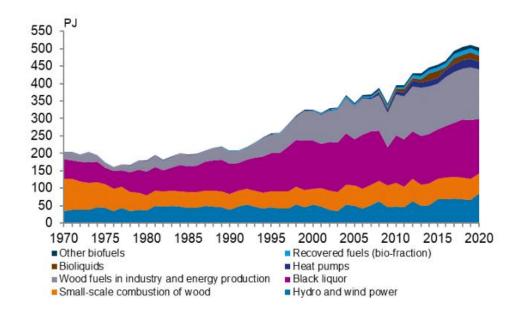


2 Sector coupling of forest industries



Renewable energy sources in 1970-2020

- Wood-based sources from forest industries make most (~ 80 %) of renewables:
 - bioliquids
 - industrial combustion of wood waste
 - small-scale combustion of wood waste.

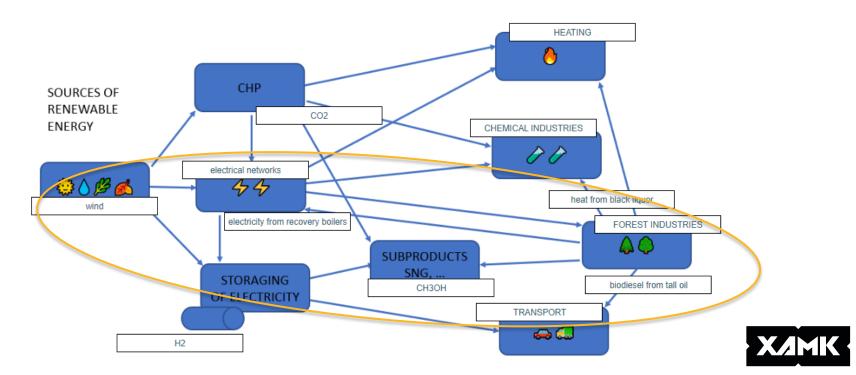


Source: Official Statistics of Finland, 2021



Role of pulp mills

USERS OF RENEWABLE ENERGY



Recovery boilers of pulp mills

- Modern recovery boilers of pulp mills (bio product mills) produce more heat and power than they need themselves.
 - Black liquor (mixture of remaining wood parts and chemicals) is combusted and the chemicals are recovered.
 - Heat is used for own processes, neighbouring industrial processes and for district heating.
 - Power is used for own processes, other industrial processes and for national networks.



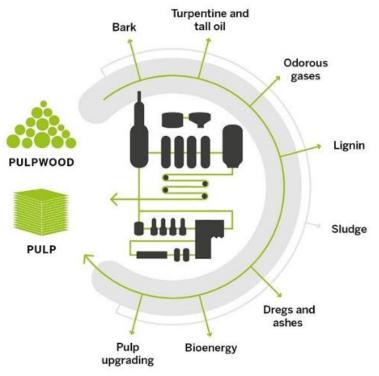
Source:

https://www.metsagroup.com/metsafibre/aboutmetsafibre/pulp-production/aanekoski-bioproduct-mill/



Important energy-related productsfrom pulp millsBarkBarkTurpentine and tall oil

- Pulp as the main product for tissue and paperboard grades
- Bark and sludges for energy
- Process gases for energy
- Lignin for consumer articles and energy
- Tall oil for biodiesel

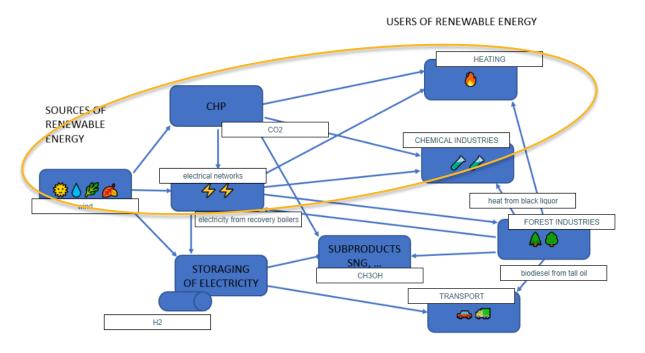




3 Significant CHP production



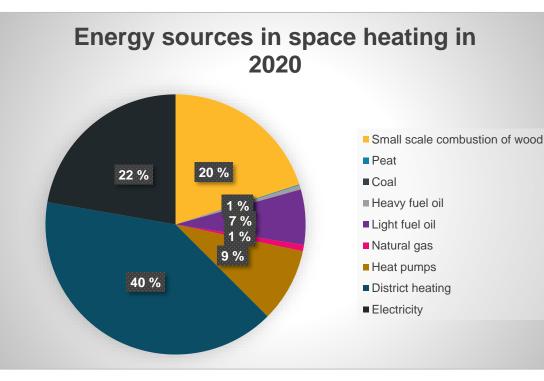
Role of combined heat and power (CHP)



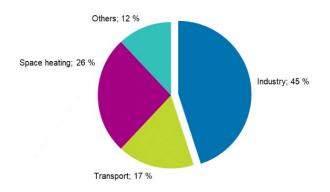
- CHP about 40 % of space heating (using all kinds of sources)
 - Increasing interests in SMRs
- CHP about 26 % of generated power (using all kinds of sources)
- Many CHP plants participating in reserve markets
- CO₂ recovery increasing



Space heating in 2020

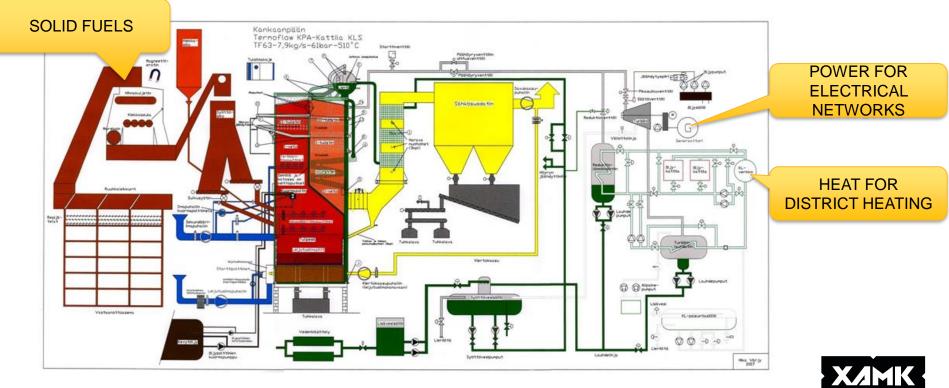


- Significant sources
 - District heating 40 %
 - Electricity 20 %
 - Small-scale wood 20 %





Combined heat and power plant



Source: Vatajankoski Oy

Industrial coupling to district heating

- Case Vatajankoski in Kankaanpää
 - Recovery heat as steam from the plaster plate company Knauf feeding the district heating water circuit
 - Recovery heat from a data center warming the local swimming hall water
 - Storaging waste heat into a sand battery and using it to industrial partners' needs and district heating



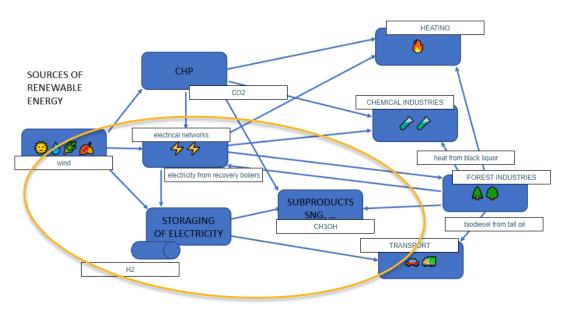


4 Increasing wind power

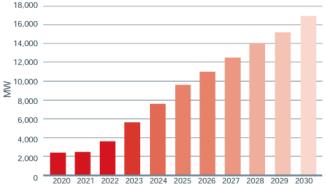


Role of wind power

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Wind power capacity trend in Finland

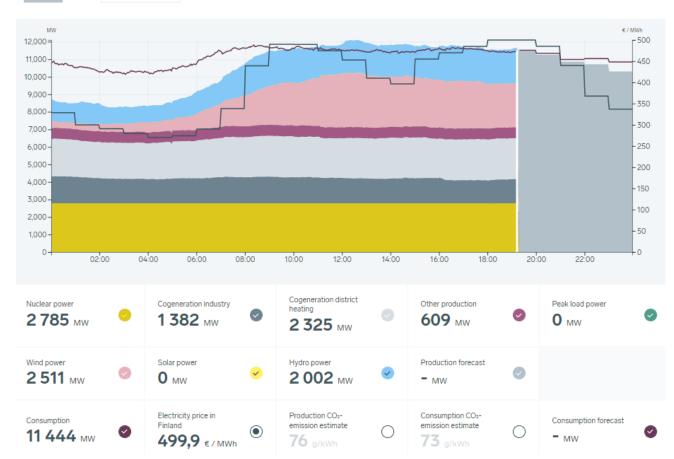


- Current capacity about 4000 MW
- Also feasible for working as a power reserve

Source: Fingrid 2022







Power production in Finland 15.12.2022

Source: Fingrid 15.12.2022



With more wind power more hydrogen

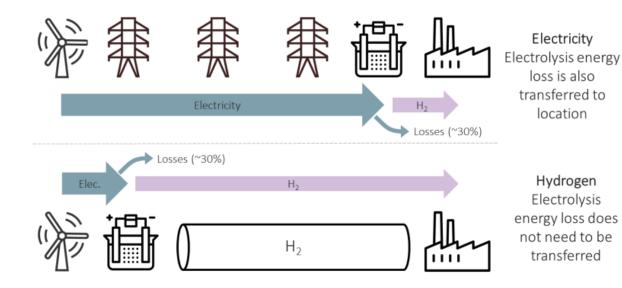
- Construction costs of onshore wind power regarded as reasonable
- Estimated future hydrogen production potential both for domestic and foreign needs
 - Hydrogen profitability perhaps in 4-6 years

Source: Intermediate Report Fingrid and Gasgrid, 15.3.2022

- First industrial size (20 MW) hydrogen and methane production plant in construction 2022-2024 in Harjavalta
 - Based on electrolysis
 - Wind and solar power used
 - Oxygen and heat utilized in local industries
 - Constructor: Finnish company P2X Solutions
 - Plans for further capacity



Hydrogen network needed



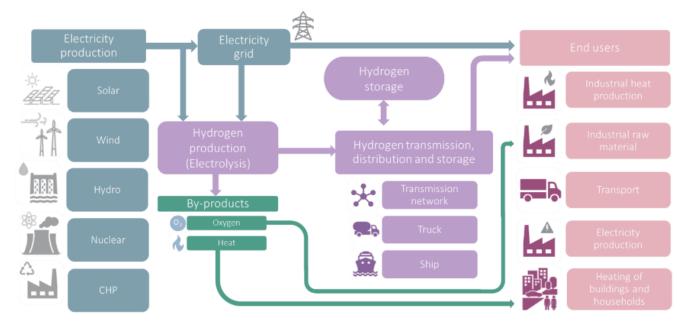
 The production of hydrogen near wind power is preferred.

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Wind power mostly located in Northern Finland, usage mostly in Southern Finland.



Potential sector coupling of hydrogen in Finland





Conclusions



Final conclusions

- In the Finnish forest industries, the recycling and utilizing of subproducts is rather efficient.
- In the CHP production for district heating, more coupling methods with local industries are developed.
- With increasing wind power hydrogen production is estimated to be potential both for domestic and foreign markets.



Literature

- Energy in Finland pocketbook (in English), Statistics of Finland, 2022, 56 p., available in: <u>https://stat.fi/en/statistics/ehk#graphs</u>
- Solution for a green Nordic energy system, Fingrid 2022, available in: <u>https://www.fingrid.fi/sahkomarkkinat/markkinoiden-</u> <u>yhtenaisyys/sahkomarkkinoiden-kehityshankkeet/</u>
- Energy transmission infrastructure as enabler of hydrogen economy and clean energy system, Intermediate report, Fingrid and Gasgrid 15.3.2022, available in: <u>https://www.fingrid.fi/en/news/news/2022/an-intermediate-report-of-a-jointhydrogen-economy-study-presents-the-opportunities-that-transmissioninfrastructure-enables-for-the-future-energy-system/
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Tunne huominen - All for the future.